

LARS

RIDER

Lars

SITE

,

FITTER

Peter

BIKE

MAKE/MODEL: Specialized, Epic

SIZE: XL YEAR: 2017 TYPE: MTB

SUMMARY OF SESSION

ASSESSMENT REPORT

CONCERNS & PREVIOUS INJUR	IES
NECK: prive	
SHOULDERS: prive	
MID-BACK: prive	
LOW-BACK: prive	
LLD: M prive	
HIPS: prive	
KNEES: Rprivef	
ANKLES: prive	
FEET: prive	
ORTHOTICS: prive	
HANDS: prive	
MISC:	

EXPERIENCE CYCLING BACKGROUND: Fietservaring 29 jaar, alle disciplines RIDING STYLE: Serieus HOURS PER WEEK: 5-10 OTHER ACTIVITIES: Hardlopen, schaatsen, klimmen GOALS: Plezier op de fiets, technisch rijden met controle en comfort

CYCLING DISCOMFORT: OCCUPATION: prive

NOTES:

ISCHIAL TUBEROSITY MEASUREMENT

ISCHIAL TUBEROSITY WIDTH: 110

FEET	LEFT	RIGHT	
FOREFOOT ANGULATION:	VARUS, AANZIENLIJK	VARUS, AANZIENLIJK	
REAR FOOT STRUCTURE:	VALGUS, AANZIENLIJK	VALGUS, AANZIENLIJK	
ARCH:	HOGE VOETBOOG	HOGE VOETBOOG	
ANKLE DORSI FLEXION:	VOLLEDIGE ROM, SYMMETRISCH		
ANKLE PLANTAR FLEXION:	BEPERKTE ROM, ASYMMETRISCH		
Rechtervoet iets minder verre pantarflexie			

LEGS	LEFT	RIGHT
LOWER EXTREMITY ALIGNMENT:	NEUTRAAL	
LOWER EXTREMITY ALIGNMENT 2:		
HAMSTRING FLEXIBILITY:	FULL ROM	FULL ROM
HAMSTRING FLEXIBILITY MEASUREMENT:	55	60
HIP ROM:	VOLLEDIGE ROM	VOLLEDI GE ROM
HIP ROM MEASUREMENT:	135	130
LLD RESULT:	GELIJK	
Liggend is rechts iets langer, naar voren kantelend re		lvies; fysio bezoek voor bekken/onderrug check
IT BAND:	NEUTRAAL	NEUTRAAL

LEGS CONTINUED	LEFT	RIGHT
1/3 KNEE BEND HIP:	INSTABIEL	STABIEL
1/3 KNEE BEND KNEE:	VALGUS, GEMIDDELD	NEUTRAAL
1/3 KNEE BEND FOOT:	INSTABIEL	INSTABLEL
QUAD:		
HIP FLEXOR:		
Q-ANGLE:	GEMI DDELD	

UPPER BODY
FORWARD SPINAL FLEXION: GEEN BEPERKINGEN
SPINAL ALIGNMENT: NEUTRAAL
SPINAL CURVE: NEUTRAAL
SHOULDER ROM: VOLLEDIGE ROM, SYMMETRISCH
SCAPULAR POSITION:
CERVICAL FLEXION ROM: VOLLEDIGE ROM
CERVICAL EXTENSION ROM: VOLLEDIGE ROM
CORE STABILITY: STABIEL
LEVEL PELVIS: LINKS HOOG, MILD

MORE UPPER BODY	LEFT	RIGHT
PASSIVE HIP ROTATION ROM:	VOLLEDIGE ROM	BEPERKT NAAR BUITEN
ACTIVE HIP ROTATION ROM:		
SHOULDER ROTATION ROM:		
CERVICAL ROTATION ROM:		

ZIN REPORT: FINAL BIKE POSITION

2017, XL - Specialized , Epic (MTB)

Notes:

STEM	SPACER STACK	CRANK LENGTH	PEDALS	SADDLE	BARS	SHOES
6 ° x 90mm	4mm	175mm	Shimano SPD	Phenom 143	Specialized Flatbar	Sidi SD15
MEASURE	VIENTS & ANGLES					
T		ght: 840mm of saddle profile	(-		Handlebar Reach: 626mm tip of saddle horiz to bar top	
				7	Handlebar Drop: -98mm cen of saddle profile to bar top of below saddle	grip, — denotes bar
	BB horiz to fr	back: -78mm ont tip of saddle grip, — deno	tes saddle	<u> </u>	Grip Reach: 594mm tip of saddle horiz to center of g	rip
	behind BB			7	Grip Drop: -84mm cen of saddle to top center of gr lower	p, – denotes grip
	Saddle An	gle: -1° dle to horizon grip, — denotes	nose down		Bar Rise: 14mm top of bar vertical to top center of	of arip
7	*			7 7		
T		ube Angle: 76°			Bar Sweep Angle: 6 ° top view bend angle of bar cent	er to arin center
				1 L		
ŀ→	Grip Width			 	Bar Width: 609mm	
	grip center to				grip and to end	
	Frame Sta	ck: 634mm		<u>-11</u>	Handlebar Stack: 700mm	
		ch: 474mm			Handlebar Reach: 548mm	

BILATERAL FIT REPORT: EIND POSITIE

Specialized, Epic

Power: Error2 Watts

Left Notes: -

Right Notes:

BODY GEOMETRY STE	PS 1-4					
	L		R	L		R
	-	Ankle Angle at	87°	-	Knee Angle Flexion	110°
		Bottom		-	Knee Angle Extension	39°
	-	Knee Forward of Spindle	-26mm	<u>-</u>	Hip Vertical Travel	36mm
	-	Hip Lateral Travel	9mm	 -	Foot Rotation Mean	-11°
	-	Cadence Average	76			
BODY GEOMETRY STE	PS 5-8					
	L		R	L		R
	-	Shoulder Angle to Elbow	76°	-	Back Angle	52°
	-	Shoulder Angle to Wrist	79°			
	<u>-</u>	Hip Angle Closed	71 °	 	Elbow Angle	170°
				-	Libow Angle	170
	-	Forearm Angle	-46°	_	Cadence Average	76

BODY GEOMETRY STEPS 9-14 L R L R Knee Lateral Travel 31mm Hip Vertical Travel 36mm Hip to Foot Lateral 10mm Hip Lateral Travel 9mm Offset 4° Knee to Foot 27mm **Knee Travel Tilt** Lateral Offset Cadence Average 76

-11°

WORKLOAD

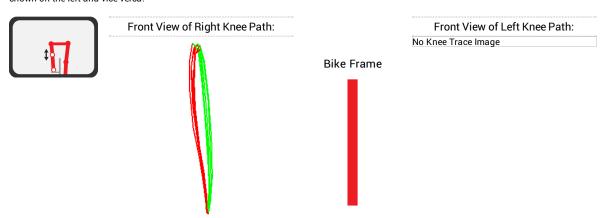


L		R
-	Cadence Mean	76
-	Cadence Maximum	91

Foot Rotation Mean

MARKER PATH

Note: Marker paths viewed from the front will be on the opposite side of the report. The paths representing the right side of the body will be shown on the left and vice versa.



THIS BIKE FIT PERFORMED USING THE **RETÜL** SYSTEM



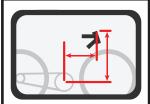
BICYCLE MEASUREMENT DEFINITIONS

KEY DESCRIPTION/DEFINITION

KEY

DESCRIPTION/DEFINITION

Common Bike Definitions (used on all reports)



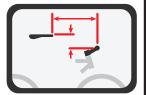
Frame Stack and Reach

The horizontal and vertical distance from the center of the bottom bracket to the center of the top of the headtube.



Handlebar Stack & Reach

The horizontal and vertical distance from the center of the bottom bracket to the center of the



Handlebar Reach

The horizontal distance from the front tip of the saddle to the center of the handlebar.

Handlebar Drop

The vertical distance from the center point of the saddle profile to the top of the handlebar. A negative value signifies the handlebar being lower than the saddle.



Effective Seat Tube Angle

The angle between horizontal and the saddle height axis defined in saddle height.



Saddle Height

The distance from the center of the bottom bracket to the horizontal midpoint of the saddle profile.



Saddle Setback

The horizontal distance from the front tip of the saddle to the center of the bottom bracket. A negative value signifies the saddle being rearward of the bottom bracket.

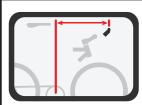


Saddle Angle

The angle between horizontal and the line tangent to the top of the saddle. A negative value signifies the nose of the saddle being lower than the rear of the saddle.

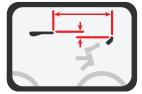


Road Bike Definitions (used on road reports)



BB to Grip Reach

The horizontal distance from the center of the bottom bracket to the trough of the grip.



Grip Reach

The horizontal distance from the front tip of the saddle to the trough of the grip.



The vertical distance from the center point of the saddle profile to the trough of the grip. A negative value signifies the grip being lower than the saddle.



The angle between horizontal and the flat segement of the grip. A positive value signifies the front of the grip being higher than



Bar Reach

The horizontal distance from the top of the handlebar to the rearmost point of the grip.







BICYCLE MEASUREMENT DEFINITIONS

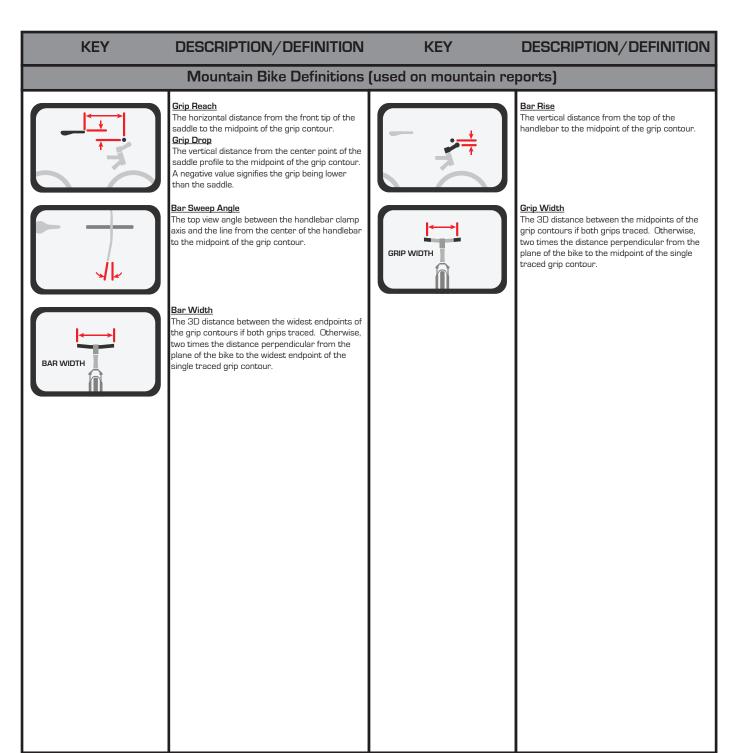
KEY	DESCRIPTION/DEFINITION	KEY	DESCRIPTION/DEFINITION
GRIP WIDTH	Grip Width The 3D distance between the midpoints of the grip contours if both grips traced. Otherwise, two times the distance perpendicular from the plane of the bike to the midpoint of the single traced grip contour.		
	Tri Bike Definitions (u	sed on tri/tt reports)
	Arm Pad Stack BB The vertical distance from the center of the bottom bracket to the top of the arm pad.		Arm Pad Reach BB The horizontal distance from the center of the bottom bracket to the back of the arm pad.
	BB to Grip Reach The horizontal distance from the center of the bottom bracket to the frontmost point of the grip.	<u>+</u>	Arm Pad Reach The horizontal distance from the front tip of the saddle to the back of the arm pad. Arm Pad Drop The vertical distance from the center point of the saddle profile to the top of the arm pad. A negative value signifies the arm pad being lower than the saddle.
1	Grip Reach The horizontal distance from the front tip of the saddle to the frontmost point of the grip. Grip Drop The vertical distance from the center point of the saddle profile to the frontmost point of the grip. A negative value signifies the grip being lower than the saddle.		Grip Angle The angle between horizontal and the best fit line to the traced grip contour. A positive value signifies the front of the grip being higher than the rear.
	Arm Pad to Grip Reach The horizontal distance from the back of the arm pad to the frontmost point of the grip.	ARMPAD WIDTH	Arm Pad Width The 3D distance between the midpoints of the arm pad contours if both grips traced. Otherwise, two times the distance perpendicular from the plane of the bike to the midpoint of the single traced arm pad contour.
GRIP WIDTH	Grip Width The 3D distance between the midpoints of the grip contours if both grips traced. Otherwise, two times the distance perpendicular from the plane of the bike to the midpoint of the single traced grip contour.		







BICYCLE MEASUREMENT DEFINITIONS









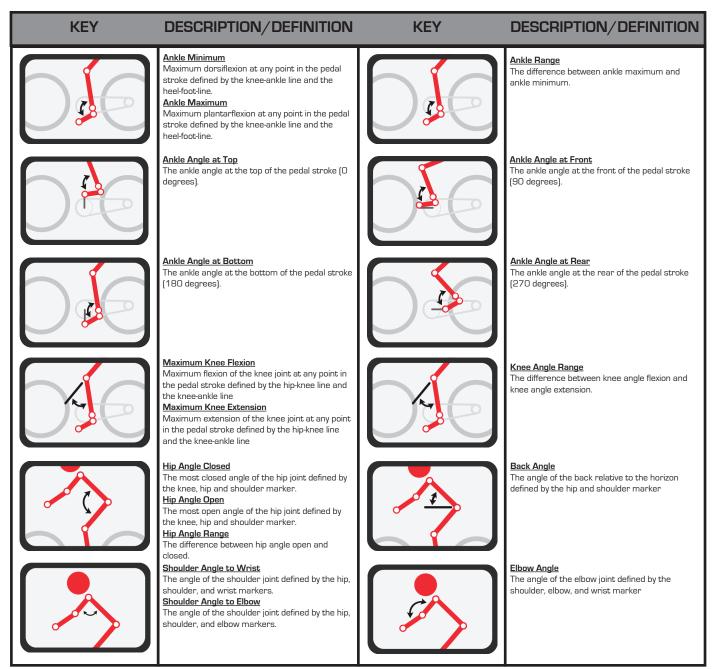
CYCLIST MEASUREMENT DEFINITIONS

Stroke Intelligence/Averaging

A process developed by Retul to isolate each pedal stroke within a capture period and average our measurements across those pedal strokes. All lower limb measurements have stroke intelligence while our upper limb and torso measurements represent averages of the entire capture period.

Vantage 3D Motion Capture

The Vantage system uses a technique called Motion Capture to record the dynamic movements of riders through digitization of anatomical markers. The Vantage 3D Motion Capture System is the world's only cycling-specific, 3D motion capture system featuring real-time data. The 3D generated body angles, alignments and movements patterns are considered the gold standard of accuracy in sports science as well as other fields such as video gaming, film, and clinical medicine.









CYCLIST MEASUREMENT DEFINITIONS

KEY DESCRIPTION/DEFINITION KEY DESCRIPTION/DEFINITION Forearm Angle Knee Forward of Foot The fore/aft offset of the knee marker relative to The angle of the forearm relative to the horizon defined by the elbow and wrist markers. A the foot marker captured at the forward part of the pedal stroke (3 o'clock or 90 degrees down). positive number indicates the wrist is higher than the elbow A negative number indicates a knee that is aft of Knee Forward of Spindle Knee Varus/Valgus (prior KFLO) The fore/aft offset of the knee marker relative to The lateral offset between the knee and foot the pedal spindle at 3 o'clock in the pedal stroke markers. A negative number indicates the knee (90 degrees in the downstroke). is in valgus. A positive number indicates the knee is in varus. Hip to Foot Lateral Offset Shoulder to Wrist Lateral Offset The lateral offset between the hip and foot The lateral offset between the shoulder and wrist marker. A negative number indicates the hip is markers. A negative number indicates the wrist outside the foot. A positive number indicates that is inside the shoulder (TT bike). A positive the hip is inside the foot. number indicates the wrist is outside the shoulder (MTB). Foot Rotation Minimum Foot from Level Mean The angle of the foot relative to the horizon The minimum rotational angle of the foot defined by the heel and forefoot marker relative to the bike plane defined by the heel and forefoot marker. A negative number indicates that the foot is externally rotated (heel closer to the bike than the forefoot). A positive number indicates the foot is internally rotated (forefoot closer to the bike than the Foot Rotation Maximum Foot Rotation Mean The maximum rotational angle of the foot The average rotational angle of the foot relative relative to the bike plane defined by the heel to the bike plane defined by the heel and foot and forefoot marker. A negative number marker. A negative number indicates that the indicates that the foot is externally rotated foot is externally rotated (heel closer to the bike (heel closer to the bike than the forefoot). A than the forefoot). A positive number indicates positive number indicates the foot is internally that the foot is internally rotated (forefoot rotated (forefoot closer to the bike than the closer to the bike than the heel) heell **Knee Travel Tilt** Knee Lateral Travel The frontal plane angle of the tracing created by The magnitude of the lateral movement of the the moving knee marker with respect to vertical. A positive number indicates a knee that tracks away from the bike in the upstroke. A negative number represents a knee that tracks towards the bike in the upstroke. See the front view of the knee path for visual representation of this measurement. **Hip Vertical Travel** Hip Lateral Travel The magnitude of the vertical movement of the The magnitude of the lateral movement of the hip







CYCLIST MEASUREMENT DEFINITIONS

KEY	DESCRIPTION/DEFINITION	KEY	DESCRIPTION/DEFINITION
	Thigh Length The length of the hip/knee segment Shin Length The length of the knee/ankle segment	 	Hip to Wrist Vertical The vertical offset of the wrist relative to the hip marker Hip to Wrist Horizontal The horizontal offset of the wrist relative to the hip marker
1	Hip to Elbow Vertical The vertical offset of the elbow relative to the hip marker. Hip to Elbow Horizontal The horizontal offset of the elbow relative to the hip marker	1 KNEE	Front View of Knee Path Knee tracking measurement; green is downstroke; red is upstroke. The blue cone represents +/- 3 degrees on the knee travel tilt angle.
	Power Output The average and maximum calculated power or user input power during the recording time. Speed The average and maximum calculated rear wheel speed during the recording time. Cadence The average and maximum calculated number of strokes per minute defined by the foot of every body measurement index.		



